

The Revised EPBD in the frame of Fit for 55 program

REHVA EXPERT TALK, 14 March 2024, MCE



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President

Mandate: 2022 - 2025

EU Decarbonization pathway; study case of the SmartLivingEPC project



Airport

Apartment
Building

Corporate
Building

Industrial
Site

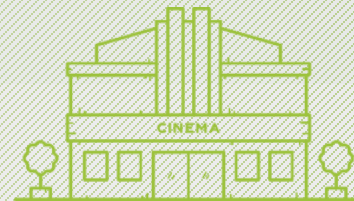
Hospital

Mall

Hotel

Congress Center
& Institution

Cinema
Theater



Buildings - the heart of our lives (general context)



We spend **up to 90%** of our lives in buildings



We were born, raised, educated



We eat, sleep, enjoy ourselves and work



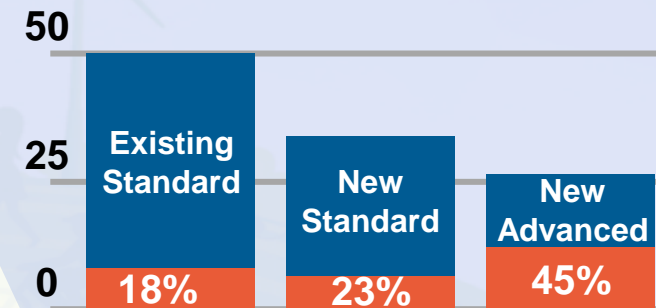
We are healed or protected against natural phenomena

Buildings are essential for climate change mitigation and adaptation

Both energy-related operational emissions and emissions embedded in building materials must be drastically reduced

Total emissions: 37% of energy CO₂ in 2021 (20% of GHG global emission)

Global trends in life cycle emissions of buildings, average kgCO₂eq/m²a



The global buildings surface should double by 2060.

The building sector should align with the objectives of the Paris Agreement

The building sector is key for our economy, social life and wellbeing.



The equivalent of Paris is added in new building every 5 days

8.2% of the EU GDP

11-13% of the global GDP

10% of EU total employment

7% of global employment

13.4



million people per year

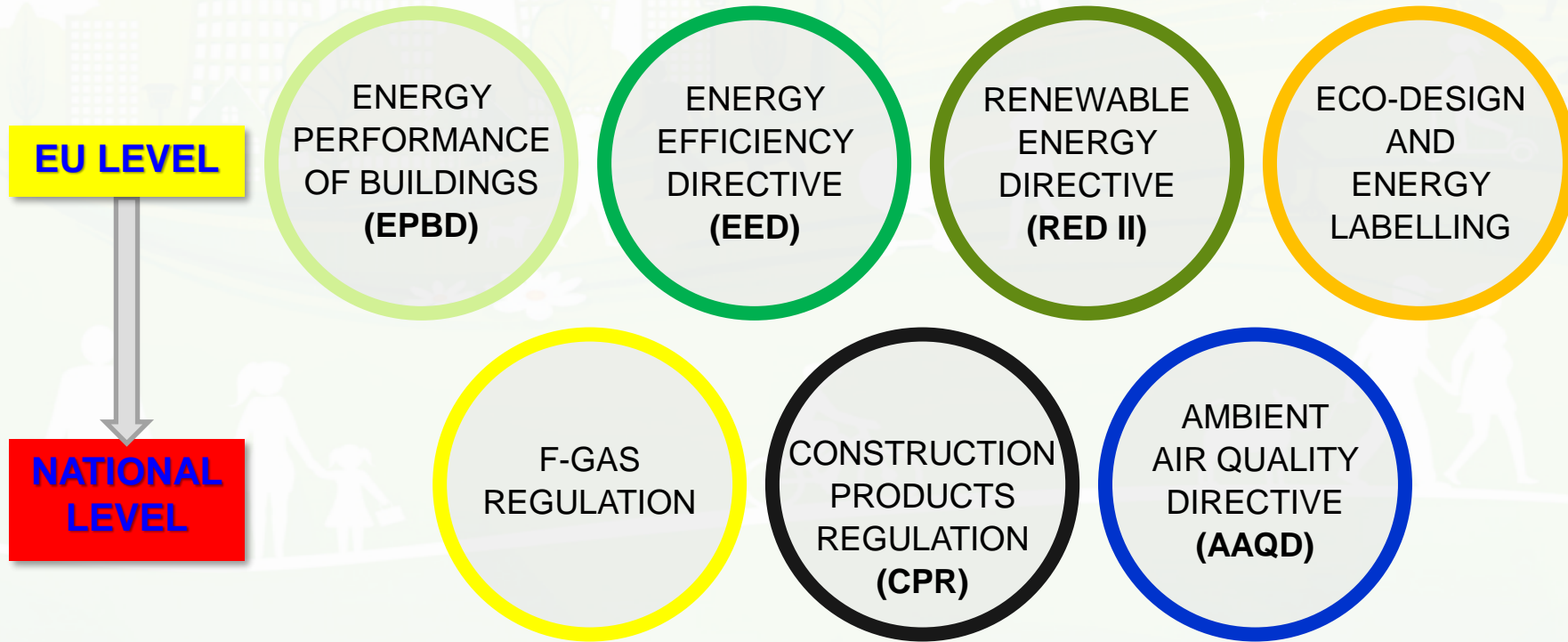


200

million people per year

EU context & paradigm shift

- **EU Green Deal (strategy) December 2019**
 - **March 2020** – Fit for 55 package
 - **October 2020** - Renovation Wave and Action Plan
 - **May 2022** - RePowerEU Action Plan



NEW EU GD 2030

Minimum 55% cut in greenhouse gas emissions compared to 1990 levels



At least a 42,5% share of renewables in final energy consumption

At least a 39% energy savings compared with the business-as-usual scenario



LEVEL(s) - the common language of sustainability



Greenhouse gas emissions along a buildings life-cycle



Efficient use of water resources



Adaption and resilience climate change



Resource efficient and circular material life-cycles



Healthy and comfortable spaces



Optimised life-cycle cost and value



Level 1: Conceptual Design Assessment



Level 2: Detailed Design and Construction Assessment



Level 3: As-built and In-use Assessment

LEVEL(s) - set of 16 common indicators

2.4 Life cycle tool: Cradle to cradle Life Cycle Assessment

Overarching assesement tool

Thematic areas	Macro-objectives	Indicators			
Resources use and environmental performance	1. Greenhouse gas emissions along a building's life cycle	1.1. Use stage energy performance (kWh/m2/year)	1.2. Life cycle Global warming potential (CO2 eq./m2/year)		
	2. Resources efficient and circular material life cycles	2.1. Bill of quantities, materials and lifespans	2.2. Construction and demolition waste	2.3. Design for adaptability and renovation	2.4. Design for deconstruction
	3. Efficient use of water resources	3.1. Use stage water consumption (m3/occupant/year)			
Health and comfort	4. Healthy and comfortable spaces	4.1. Indoor quality	4.2. Time out of thermal comfort range	4.3. Lighting	4.4. Acoustics
Cost, value and risk	5. Adaption and resilience to climate change	5.1. Life cycle tools: scenarios for projected future climatic conditions	5.2. Increased risk of extreme weather	5.3. Sustainable drainage	
	6. Optimised life cycle cost and value	6.1. Life cycle costs (€/m2/year)	6.2. Value creation and risk factor		

SRI-European legal framework for smart readiness



Optimise energy efficiency and overall in-use performance



Adapt their operation to the needs of the occupant



Adapt to signals from the grid (energy flexibility)

Energy efficiency

Maintenance and fault prediction

Comfort

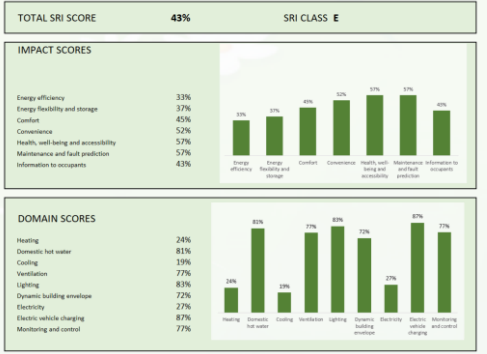
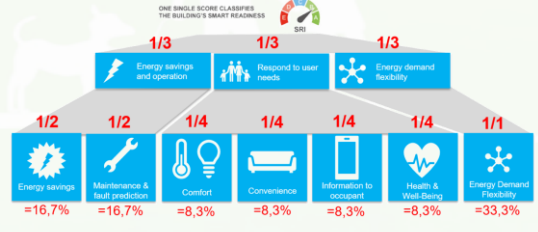
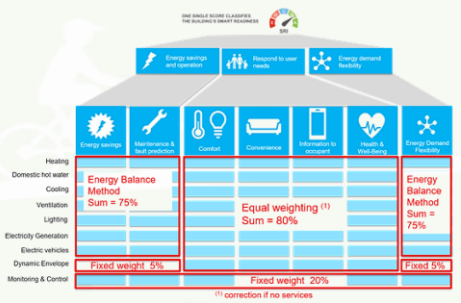
Convenience

Health, well-being and accessibility

Information to occupants

Energy flexibility and storage

Overall SRI score (%) - SRI class									
%			%				%		
Optimise energy efficiency and overall in-use performance			Adapt its operation to the needs of the occupant				Adapt to signals from the grid (energy flexibility)		
%		%		%		%		%	
Energy efficiency	Maintenance and fault prediction	Comfort	Convenience	Health, well-being and accessibility	Information to occupants	Energy flexibility and storage			
Heating	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Cooling	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Domestic hot water	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Ventilation	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Lighting	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Dynamic building envelope	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Electricity	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Electric vehicle charging	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Monitoring and control	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%



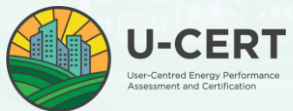
NextGenEPC cluster



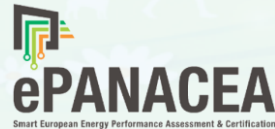
Next Generation Energy Performance Certificates cluster

aims to:

2019



2020



2021



2022



- 1 facilitate the convergence of quality and reliability of Energy Performance Certificates (EPCs) across the EU
- 2 overcome barriers to quality and reliability of current EPC scheme
- 3 transform EPCs into catalysts for the deep energy renovation of European buildings.



These projects have received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 and Horizon Europe research and innovation programmes. The European Union is not liable for any use that may be made of the information contained in the documents prepared by the projects' consortia, which are merely respecting the authors' view

Study case - SmartLivingEPC



- 17 partners
- 10 countries



Advanced Energy Performance Assessment towards Smart Living in Building and District Level

Duration: 36 months (July 2022-June 2025)
Coordinator: Centre for Research and Technology Hellas, Information Technologies Institute (CERTH)

- Operational behaviour of the building
- Life cycle performance aspects & building smartness assessment
- Compatible with digital logbooks and building renovation passports
- EPC application in building complexes

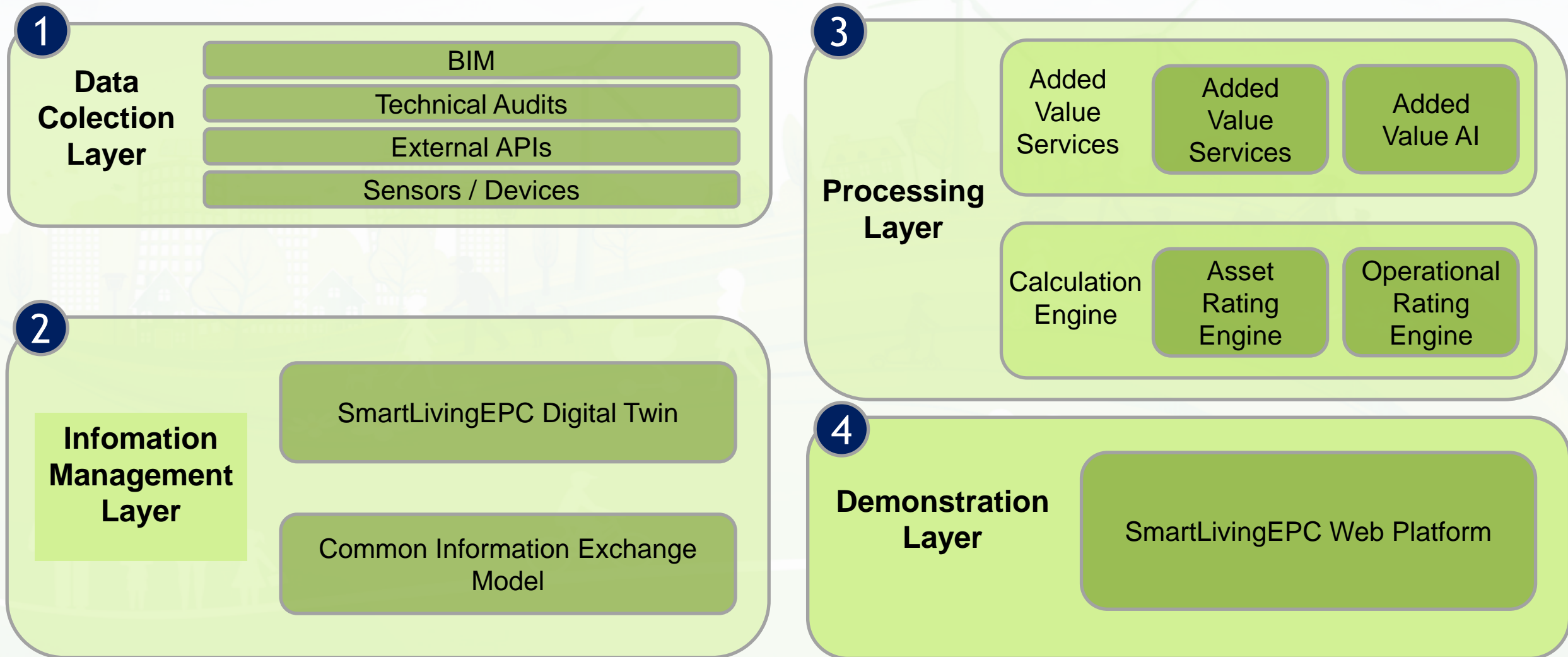
PARTNERS

Centre for Research & Technology, Information Technologies Institute	Greece
IsZEB - Intelligent Solutions for Zero and Positive Energy Buildings	Greece
Frederick Research Center	Cyprus
Federation of European Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning Associations	Belgium
Asociația Inginerilor de Instalații	Romania
IES - Integrated Environmental Solutions Limited	Ireland
DEMO Consultants BV	The Netherlands
R2M Energy	Italy
R2M Solution	Italy
University of Deusto	Spain
QUE Technologies	Greece
GoiEner	Spain
Tallinn University of Technology	Estonia
Austrian Standards International	Austria
ANEC	Belgium
Eunice Energy Group	Greece
Waide Strategic Efficiency Europe	Ireland

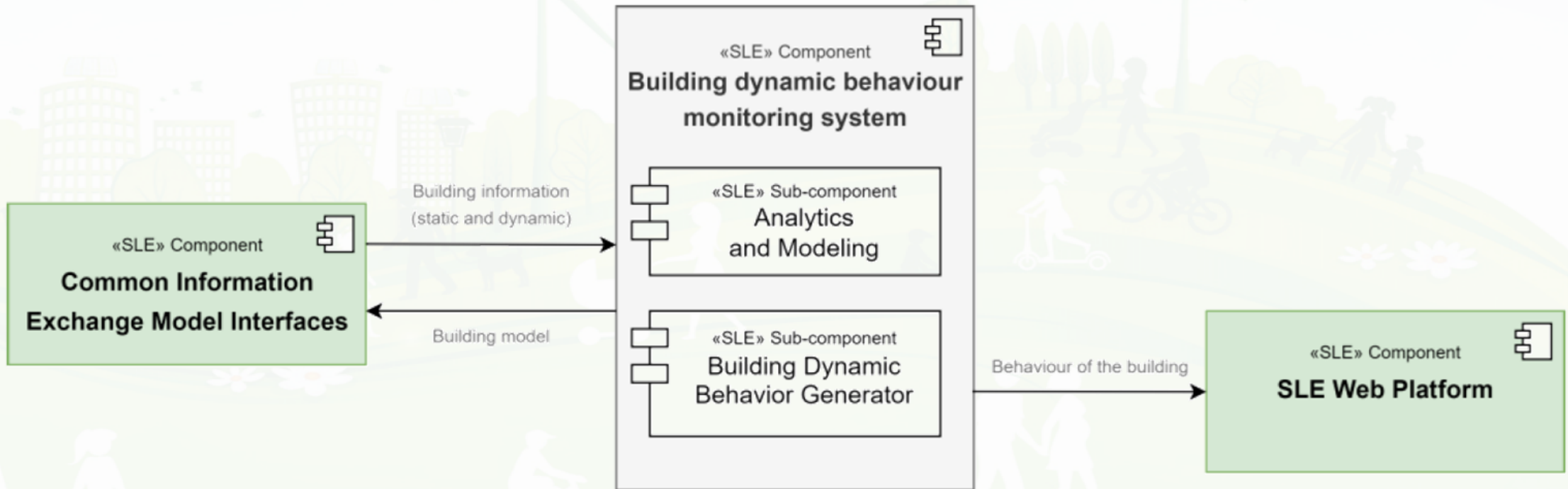
This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe Framework Programme for Research and Innovation under grant agreement no 101069639



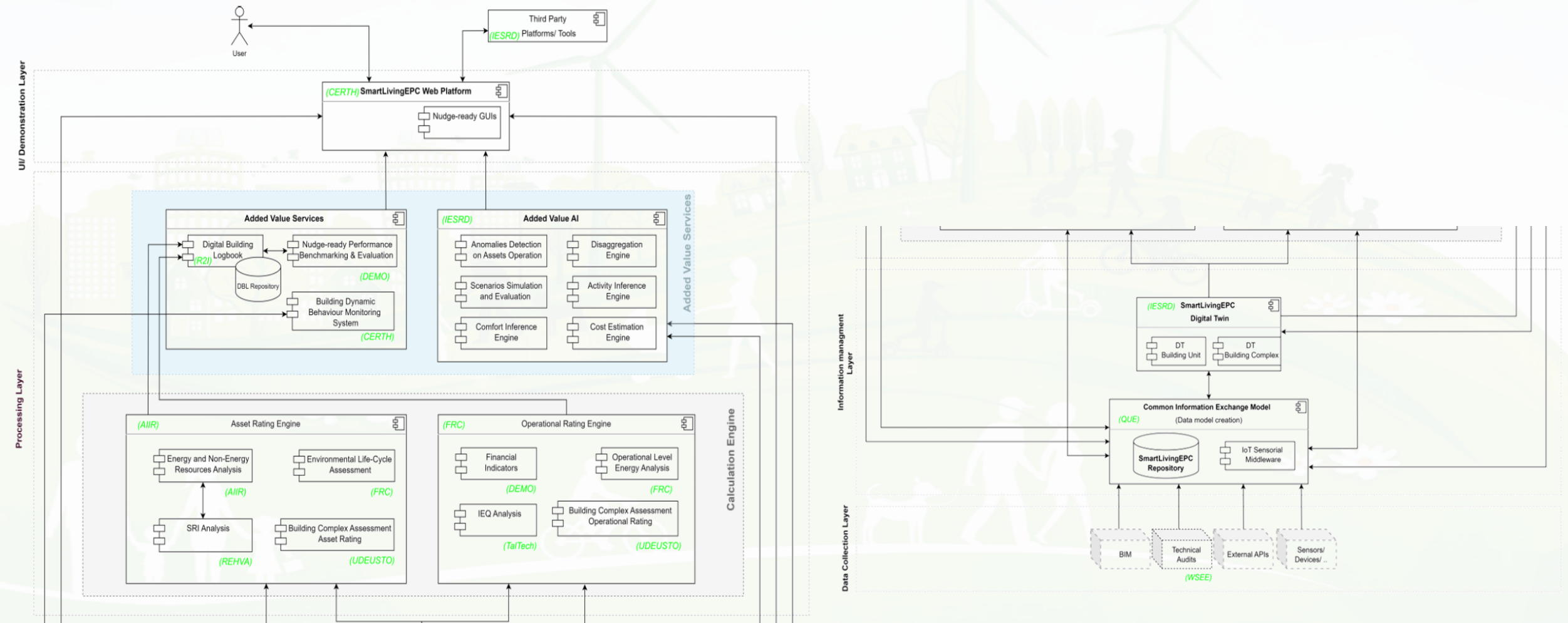
SmartLivingEPC - Layered Architecture



SmartLivingEPC - Layered Architecture

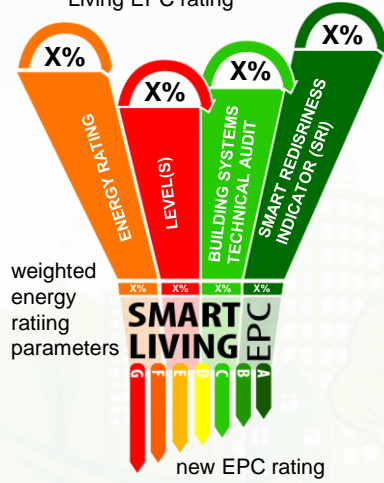


SmartLivingEPC - detailed architecture

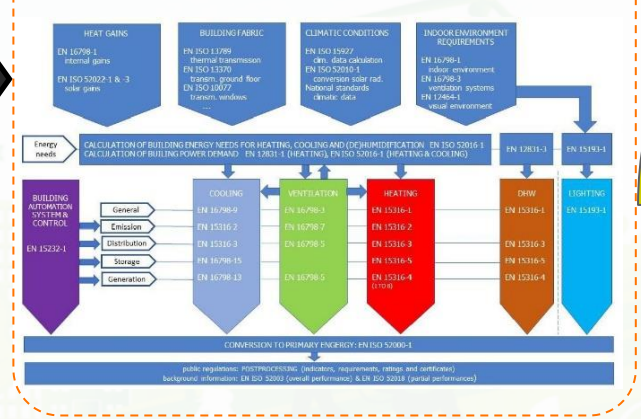


SmartLivingEPC - example of the asset rating

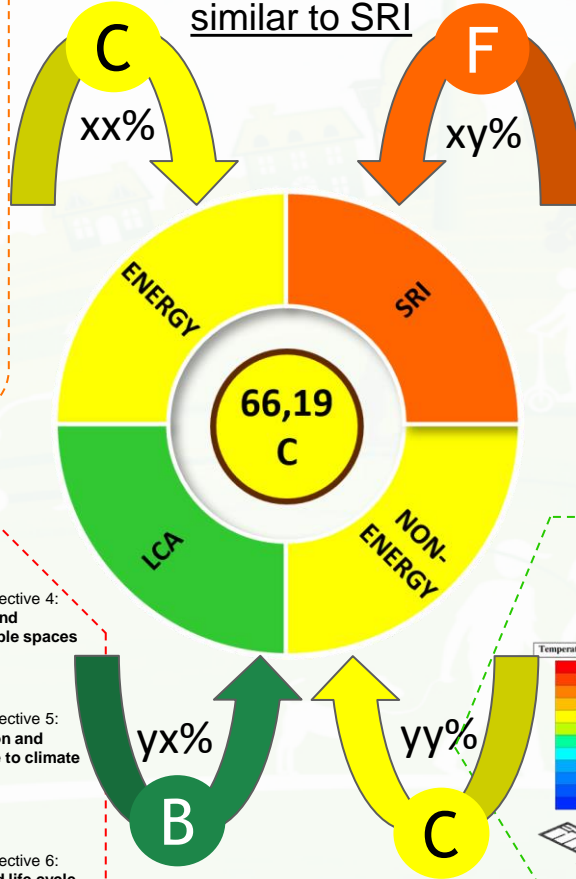
each energy rating contributes in x% to the new overall Smart Living EPC rating



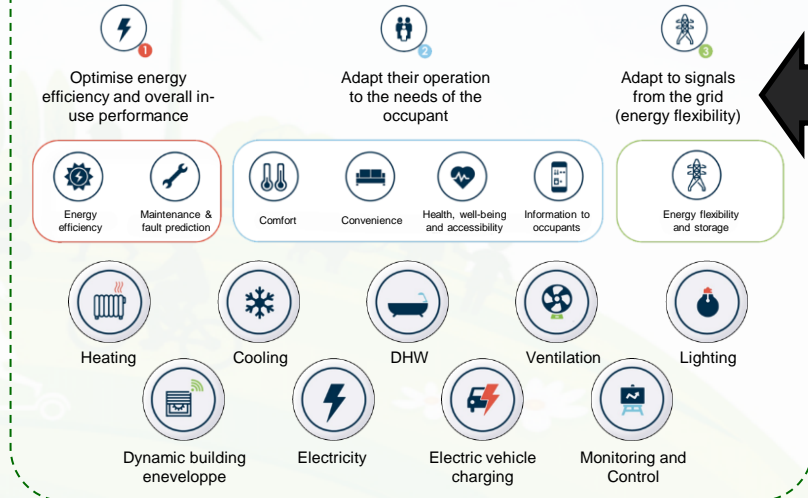
ENERGY INDICATOR



Default and User-defined weighting similar to SRI



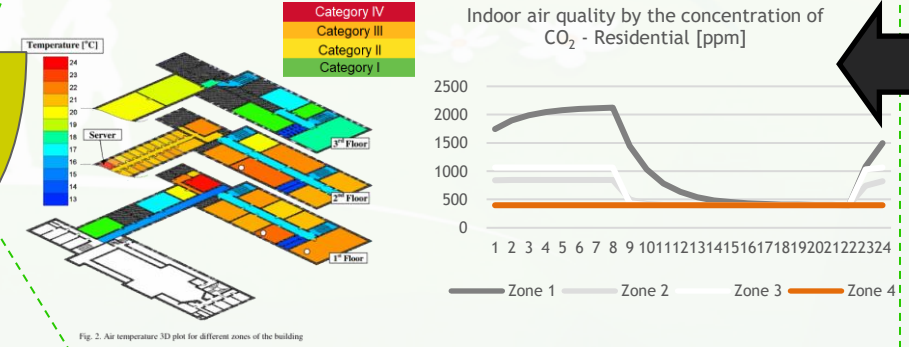
SRI



LEVEL(s)



NON-ENERGY INDICATORS



ENERGY RATING

LEVEL(S) European framework for sustainable buildings © European Commission

BUILDING SYSTEMS TECHNICAL AUDIT

SMART REDINESS INDICATOR (SRI)

SmartLivingEPC - lists of KPIs for the asset rating

Total SRI readiness indicators

(per technical functionality, per impact criterion, per technical domain)

Indicator name	Total smart readiness	
	Score	Rating
Description	This indicator displays the overall smart readiness score	This indicator displays the overall smart readiness rating
Input	Refer to input data from Section 2.4.1.2	
Sensors	None	
Algorithm	Refer to calculation from Section 2.4.1.2	
Output	Value in %	Value within 7-step scale
Worked example	Refer to calculation from Section 2.4.1.2	
References	SRI assessment package (v4.5) [6].	

LCA indicators

	Indicator Name	Units
1	Climate change (global warming potential)	kg CO2 equivalents per kg [kg CO2 eq / kg]
2	Ozone depletion potential	kg CFC 11 equivalents [kg CFC 11 eq]
3	Acidification potential	mole H+ equivalents [mol H+ eq.] kg SO2 equivalents per kg [kg CO2 eq / kg]
4	Eutrophication aquatic freshwater	kg P equivalents [kg P eq.]
5	Eutrophication aquatic marine	kg NMVOC equivalents [kg NMVOC eq.]
6	Depletion of abiotic resources - minerals and metals	kg Sb equivalents [kg Sb eq.]
7	Depletion of abiotic resources – fossil fuel	Mega Joules [MJ]
8	Water use	Water use
9	Use stage energy performance	kilowatt-hours per square meter per year (kWh/m2 /yr)
10	Life cycle Global Warming Potential	kg CO2 equivalents per square meter per year (kg CO2 eq./m2/yr)
11	Bill of quantities, materials, and lifespans	Unit quantities, mass, and years
12	Construction & demolition waste and materials	kg of waste and materials per m2 total useful floor area
13	Design for adaptability and renovation	Adaptability score
14	Design for deconstruction, reuse, and recycling	Deconstruction score
15	Deconstruction score	m3/yr of water per occupant

SmartLivingEPC - lists of KPIs for the asset rating

BUILDING LEVEL		
ENERGY INDICATOR at BLDG LEVEL		MU
1,2	NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, HEATING (EL & TH)	kWh/m2,y
3,4	REN PRIMARY ENERGY, HEATING (EL & TH)	kWh/m2,y
5,6	NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, DHW (EL & TH)	kWh/m2,y
7,8	REN PRIMARY ENERGY, DHW (EL & TH)	kWh/m2,y
9,10	NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, COOLING (EL & TH)	kWh/m2,y
11,12	REN PRIMARY ENERGY, COOLING (EL & TH)	kWh/m2,y
13	NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, VENTILATION (EL)	kWh/m2,y
14	REN PRIMARY ENERGY, VENTILATION (EL)	kWh/m2,y
15	NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, LIGHTING (EL)	kWh/m2,y
16	REN PRIMARY ENERGY, LIGHTING (EL)	kWh/m2,y
17	NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, BAC (EL)	kWh/m2,y
18	REN PRIMARY ENERGY, BAC (EL)	kWh/m2,y
19	TOTAL NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, TH	kWh/m2,y
20	TOTAL NON-REN PRIMARY ENERGY, EL	kWh/m2,y
21	TOTAL REN PRIMARY ENERGY, TH	kWh/m2,y
22	TOTAL REN PRIMARY ENERGY, EL	kWh/m2,y
23	BUILDING LEVEL EP CLASS, HEATING	A...G
24	BUILDING LEVEL EP CLASS, DHW	A...G
25	BUILDING LEVEL EP CLASS, COOLING	A...G
26	BUILDING LEVEL EP CLASS, VENTILATION	A...G
27	BUILDING LEVEL EP CLASS, LIGHTING	A...G
29	BUILDING LEVEL EP CLASS, TOTAL PE CONSUMPTION	A...G
30	TOTAL CO2e EMISSIONS (operational CO2)	kgCO2e/m2,y
31	CO2e pollution level (Operational CO2)	A...G
32	RER	%
33-34	Exported primary energy, EL & TH	kWh/m2,y

BUILDING LEVEL		
No	NON-ENERGY PARAMETER	MU
1	ACCOUSTIC CONFORT	score
2	VISUAL CONFORT	score
3	IEQ (including a group of indicators)	score
4	POTABLE WATER CONSUMPTION	m3/m2,year
5	RADON	Bq/m3
6	SEISMIC SECURITY LEVEL	cathegory level

SmartLivingEPC - pilot buildings



Demo Site 1
nZEB Smart House
DIH, Mixed-use
Thessaloniki
Greece



Demo Site 2
Frederick University
Main Building
Limassol
Cyprus



Demo Site 3
Ehituse Mäemaja,
Tallinn University of
Technology, Tallinn,
Estonia



Demo Site 4
Single family
house, Leitza
Spain



Demo Site 5
Private flat
Leitza
Spain



Demo Site 6
Mixed-use Building
Leitza
Spain



Demo Site 7
Town Hall
Leitza
Spain



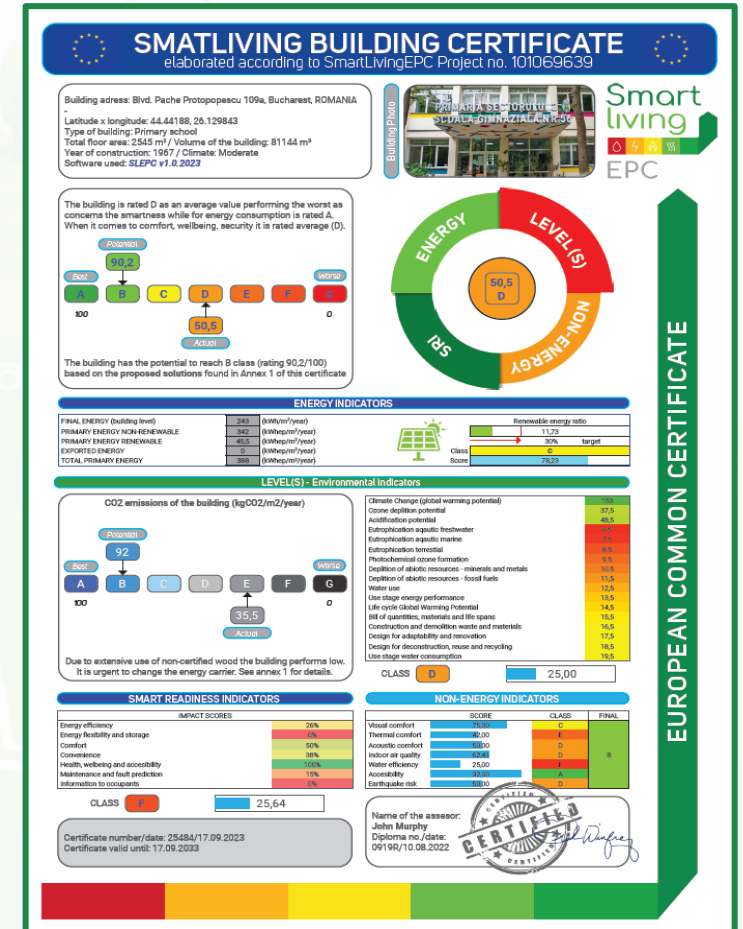
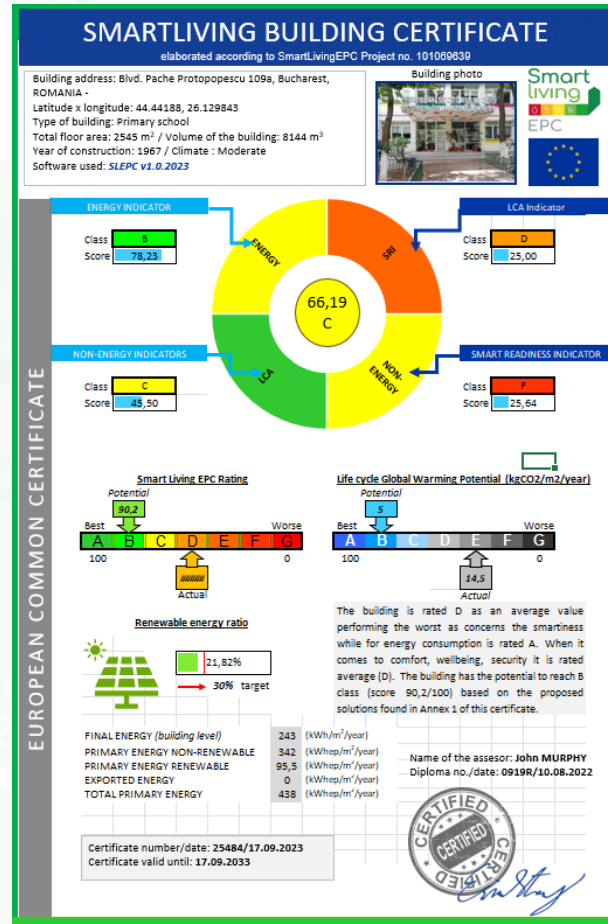
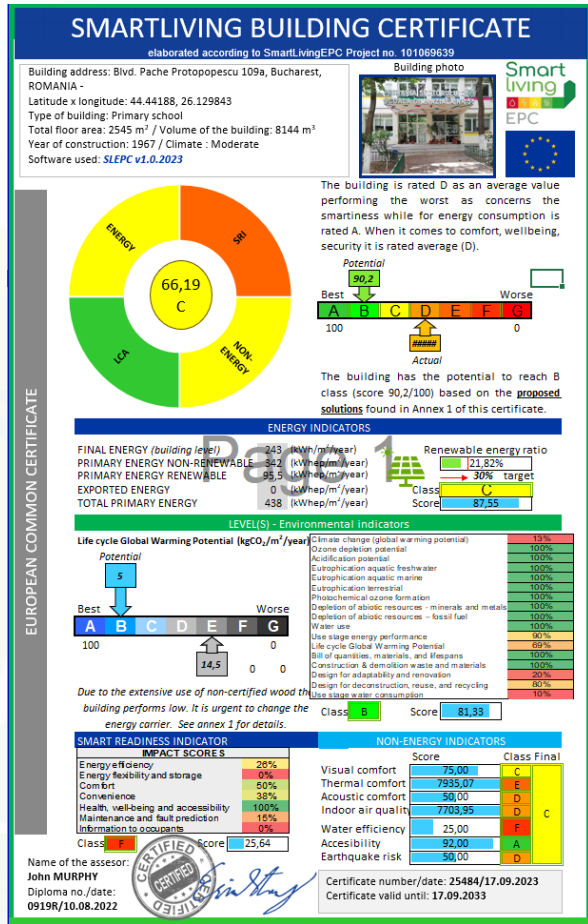
Demo Site 8
School Building
Facilities, Leitza
Spain



Demo Site 9
Sports Centre
Leitza
Spain

SmartLivingEPC - potential results

These EPCs are only simple proposals and need to be discussed with all partners to agree a specific form and content



SmartLivingEPC - overall concept

PLATFORM



Nudge Reality UIs Visual Analytics Advanced UIs

ADDED VALUE SERVICES FOR SMARTLIVING EPCS

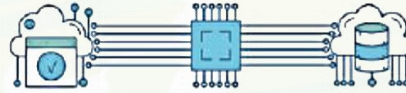
- Performance benchmarking
- Scenarios simulations & evaluation
- Recommendations towards performance improvement



DIGITAL BUILDING LOGBOOKS



API FOR EPC CALCULATION (BOTH BUILDING & COMPLEX)



COMMON INFORMATION EXCHANGE MODEL (CIEM)

District Lighting EVs Smart Grids

Dynamic Building Information

Energy Consumption
Energy Generation
Energy Storage
IEQ Measurements
Life-cycle Coating

IoT & BMS Interfaces

Static Building Information

SRIs
Energy Sources
Non-Energy Sources
Environmental
Life-cycle Assessment
Technical Audits and Inspections

BUILDING



A SmartLivingEPC complex rating calculation methodology (both Asset & Operational)

B
C
D
E
F
G
SmartLivingEPC Operational rating calculation methodology

SmartLivingEPC Asset rating calculation methodology

Operational Building Information



Asset Building Information



Conclusions & Perspectives

- SLE based on SRI and Level(s) will support the efforts for reducing overall carbon emissions, while offering healthier, more efficient, and comfortable living environments
- **SLE and other NextGen HE projects** could ease the EuCom's intention to **harmonize of EPCs** (comparability of the EPCs and MEPS)
- **new era of BPCs* or CPCs* (no more EPCs)** will begin after the new EPBD inforcement (using LCA, SRI, LEVEL(s), BIM, even operation EPCs concept that makes use of data from building real-time monitoring, etc.)

* BPC-building performance certificate / CPC - community performance certificate

- *Article-Simplified evaluation and rating of non-energy parameters for buildings as part of a new complex energy certification scheme, T.Catalina, C. Lungu*



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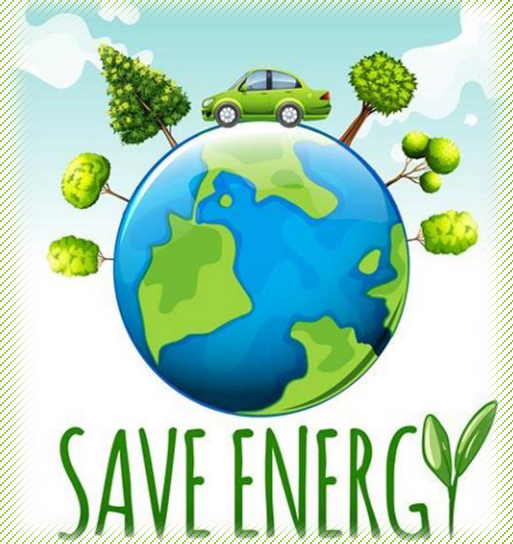
Submit a Manuscript to the Journal

International Journal of Sustainable Energy

For a Special Issue on

Advancing Net-Zero and Zero-Energy Buildings: Challenges and Opportunities in Sustainable Design and Operation

Grazie per l'attenzione !



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