



EUROVENT

EUROVENT
CERTIFIED PERFORMANCE



Eurovent Association

Eurovent Certification

Activities related to

ENERGY EFFICIENCY

INTRODUCTION



- ◆ Eurovent Association:
Working Groups
- ◆ Eurovent Certification:
For a fair competition on the market
- ◆ Energy and:
 - Air Filters
 - Chillers
 - Air Conditioners
 - Air Handling Units
 - Heat Exchangers
 - Cooling Towers
 - Refrigerated
Display Cabinets

ENERGY EFFICIENCY



- ◆ Energy classification
- ◆ Minimum energy efficiency
- ◆ Implementation through Eurovent certification

AIR CONDITIONERS



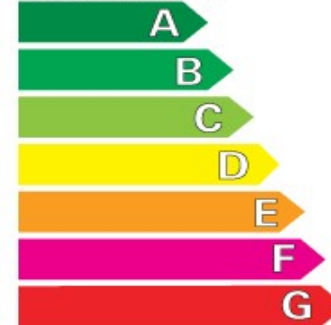
◆ Mandatory Energy labelling

- – Classification from Eurovent Directory
- – The Labelling Directive May 2004
- – Test Standard EN 14511

Energy

Manufacturer
Outside unit
Inside unit

More efficient



Less efficient

Annual energy consumption,
kWh in cooling mode
(Actual consumption will depend
on how the appliance is used
and climate)

Cooling output kW
Energy efficiency ratio
Full load (the higher the better)

Type	Cooling only	—
	Cooling + Heating	—
	Air cooled	—
	Water cooled	—

Heat output kW

Heating performance
A : higher G : lower

Noise
(dB(A) re 1 pW)

Further information is contained
in product brochures



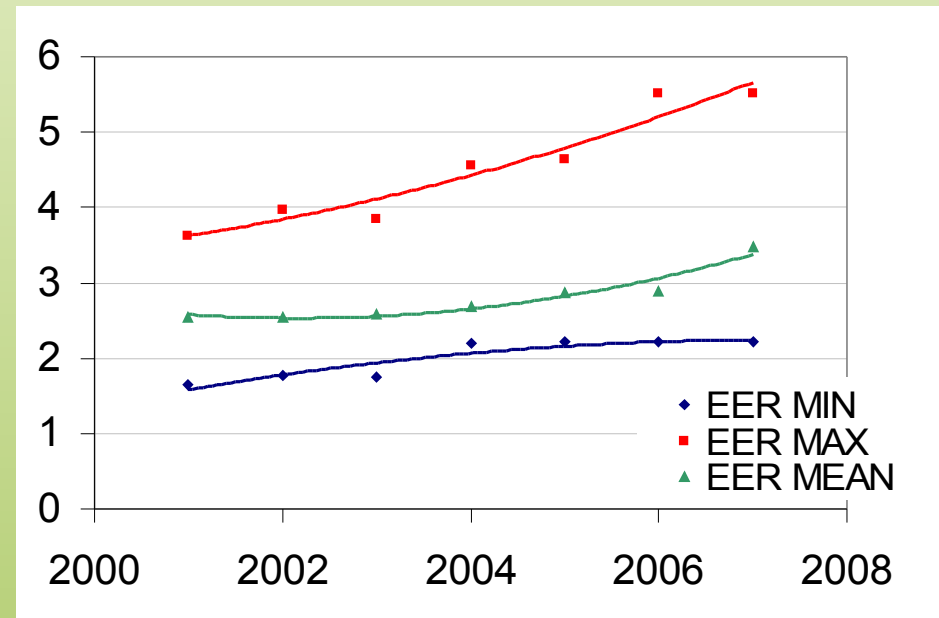
AIR CONDITIONERS



◆ WG6B and Eurovent Certification

- Class G already eliminated, elimination of class F in the future
- Evolution of EER (Split Non-ducted Air Cooled):

	EER MIN	EER MAX	EER MEAN	NB OF UNITS
2001	1,64	3,63	2,55	2597
2002	1,76	3,97	2,55	3251
2003	1,75	3,85	2,58	3078
2004	2,2	4,55	2,68	2081
2005	2,21	4,64	2,87	3502
2006	2,21	5,51	2,88	2396
2007	2,21	5,51	3,47	2973



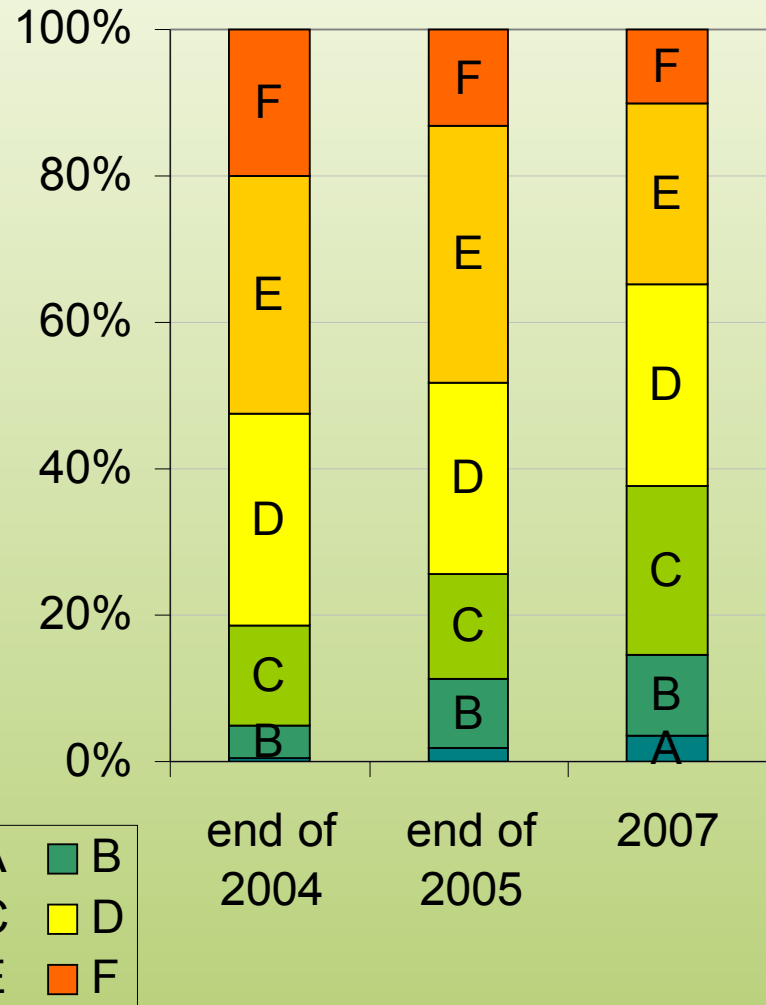
LIQUID CHILLING PACKAGES



◆ WG 6A and Eurovent Certification

- – Voluntary A–G classification (full load) 2005
- – Class EER
- Decrease of proportion of classes E and F (figure)
 - Class COP

Number of Air Cooled Chillers listed in the Eurovent directory



LIQUID CHILLING PACKAGES



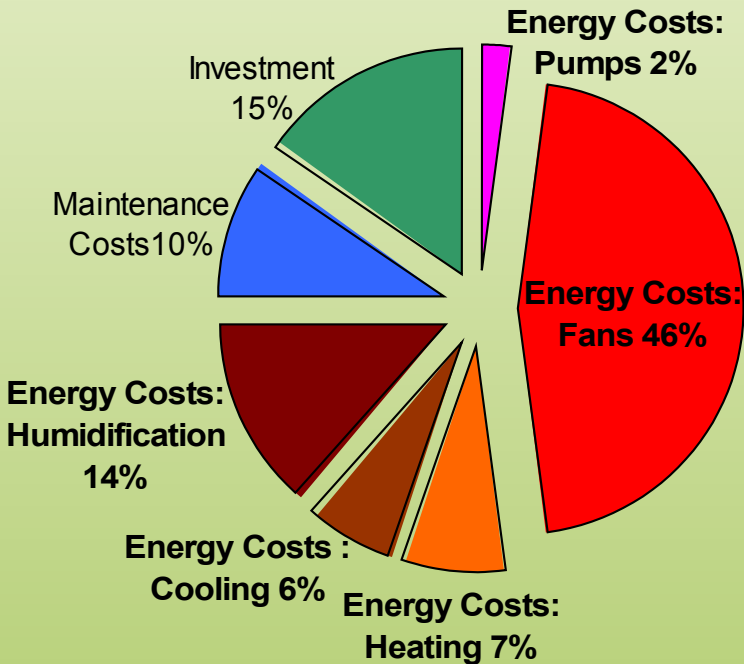
- Minimum Energy Efficiency to be Implemented: elimination of lowest class
- Development of European Seasonal Energy Efficiency
 - For cooling: ESEER implemented (2006)
 - For heating: ESCOP to be implemented

AIR HANDLING UNITS



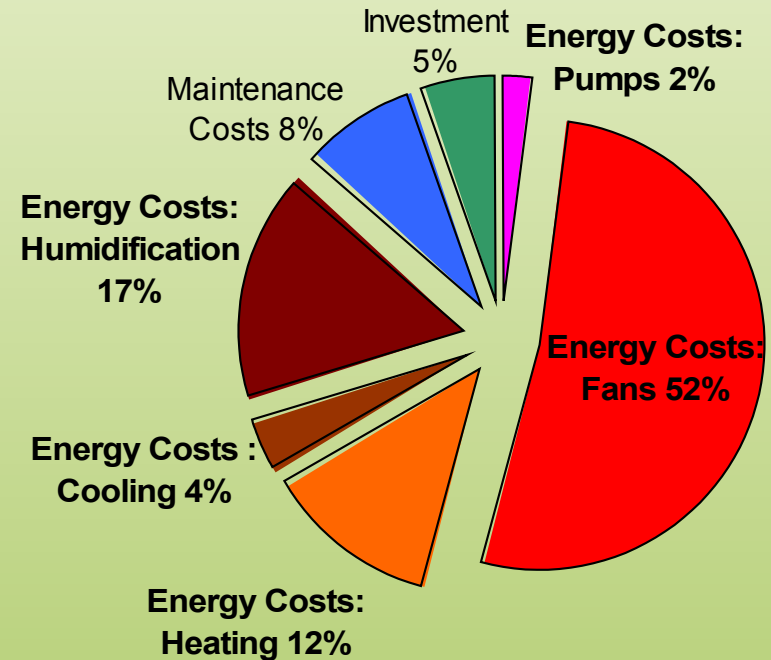
◆ Working Group AHU and Life Cycle Cost

- ⇒ Document 6/8 “Recommendations for the Calculations of the Energy Consumption for Air Handling Units”
- ⇒ Document 6/9 “Recommendation for the Calculation of the Maintenance Cost for Air Handling Units”



Office Building

Typical Ratios for LCC AHU



For Continuous Operation

AIR HANDLING UNITS



◆ Eurovent Certification Programme Energy classification January 2008

CLASS	AHU Configuration	Requirements for			Absorbed fan motor power
		Velocity v [m/s]	Heat recovery ¹⁾		
			Efficiency [%]	Pressure drop [Pa]	
A	Units without thermodynamic air treatment	$2,5 < v \leq 3,0$	-	-	$0,95x P_{max}$
	Units with air heating	$2,0 < v \leq 2,5$	-	-	
	Units with additional functions: $q_v \leq 1,5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,0 < v \leq 2,5$	$\geq 47\%$	≤ 180	
	Units with additional functions: $1,5 < q_v \leq 3,0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,0 < v \leq 2,5$	$\geq 50\%$	≤ 200	
	Units with additional functions: $3,0 < q_v \leq 7,0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$1,5 < v \leq 2,0$	$\geq 55\%$	≤ 225	
	Units with additional functions: $7,0 < q_v \leq 14 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$1,5 < v \leq 2,0$	$\geq 64\%$	≤ 250	
	Units with additional functions: $q_v > 14 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$1,5 < v \leq 2,0$	$\geq 69\%$	≤ 270	
B	Units without thermodynamic air treatment	$v > 3,0$	-	-	P_{max}
	Units with air heating	$2,5 < v \leq 3,0$	-	-	
	Units with additional functions: $q_v \leq 1,5 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,5 < v \leq 3,0$	$\geq 43\%$	≤ 200	
	Units with additional functions: $1,5 < q_v \leq 3,0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,5 < v \leq 3,0$	$\geq 45\%$	≤ 225	
	Units with additional functions: $3,0 < q_v \leq 7,0 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,0 < v \leq 2,5$	$\geq 50\%$	≤ 250	
	Units with additional functions: $7,0 < q_v \leq 14 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,0 < v \leq 2,5$	$\geq 58\%$	≤ 275	
	Units with additional functions: $q_v > 14 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$	$2,0 < v \leq 2,5$	$\geq 63\%$	≤ 300	
C	Any	No requirements			

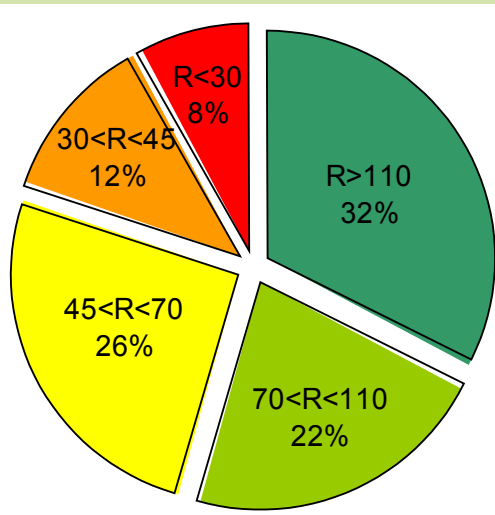
HEAT EXCHANGERS



◆ Eurovent Certification Programme

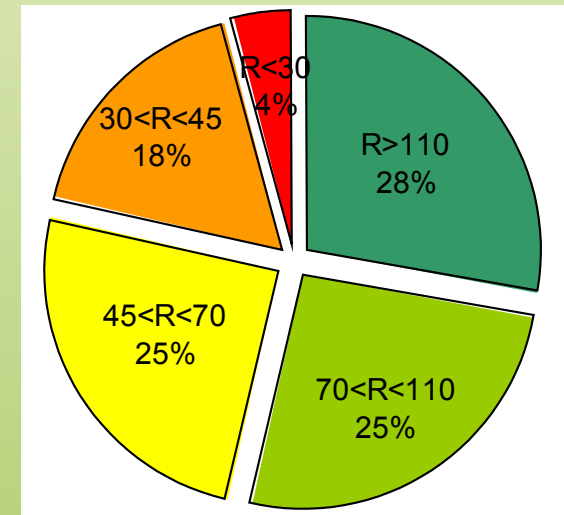
Energy classification

Air Cooled Condensers



Class	Energy Consumption	Energy Ratio R
A	Extremely low	$R > 110$
B	Very low	$70 < R < 110$
C	Low	$45 < R < 70$
D	Medium	$30 < R < 45$
E	High	$R < 30$

Dry Coolers

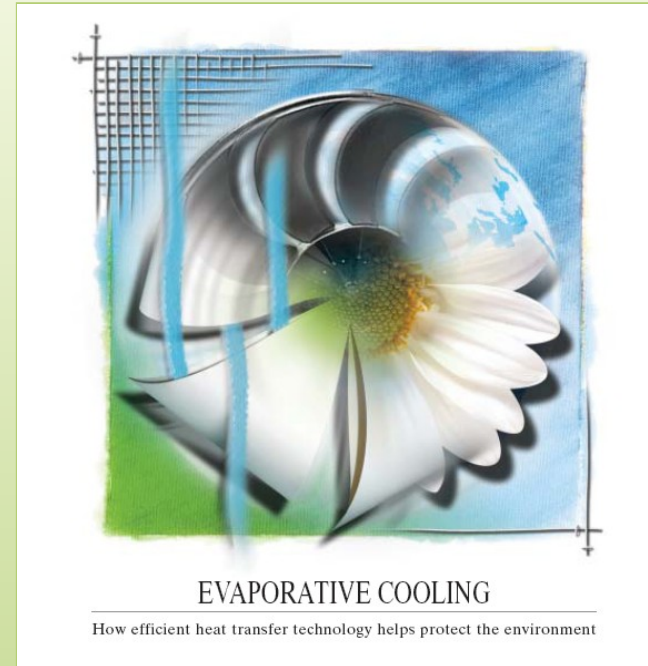


COOLING TOWERS



◆ Eurovent WG9

- Document 9/7 and 9/8
*Proposal for Standards
“Recommended Operation
and Design of Evaporative
Cooling Equipment”*



- ◆ Certification in collaboration with CTI

◆ Life Cycle Cost

- Eurovent Working Group WG4B
- Recommendation REC 10
- Pressure drop \Rightarrow Fan energy consumption
- Clean the air and save energy

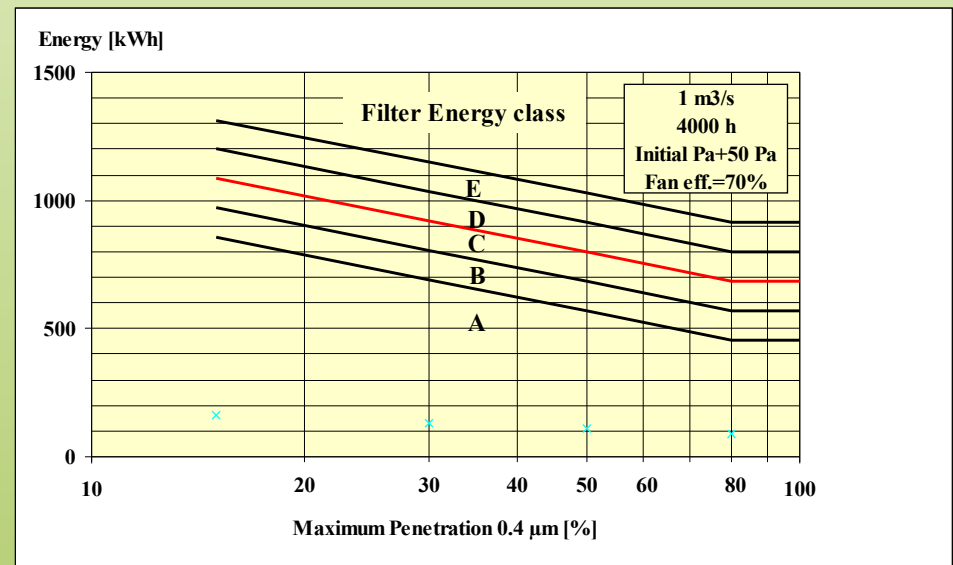
AIR FILTERS



◆ Energy Rating

- Eurovent Working Group WG4B
⇒ *Proposals of classification*
« *Minimum Life Efficiency* »

- Eurovent Certification Programme
NEW
Fine Air-Filters
class F5-F9
Started Feb. 2007



Conclusions



- ◆ Standardisation
- ◆ Certification to check and remove low efficiency product
- ◆ Commitment of EUROVENT to energy efficiency improvement

ENERGY EFFICIENCY



*THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION*